## THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

December 31, 2024 and 2023

## THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of The Community Food Bank of Victoria dba Food Bank of the Golden Crescent Victoria, Texas

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Community Food Bank of Victoria (the Food Bank), a nonprofit organization, which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Food Bank as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Food Bank and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Food Bank's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

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#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Food Bank's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Food Bank's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audits, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audits.

#### Supplementary Information

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

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> The financial statements and the schedule of federal awards are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

> The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 24, 2025, on our consideration of the Food Bank's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Food Bank's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering The Community Food Bank of Victoria's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Corpus Christi, Texas

by Volding, P. C.

June 24, 2025

#### THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 664,875	\$ 1,131,773
Investments	2,423,290	2,048,588
Accounts receivable - government grants and contracts	382,397	255,855
Accounts receivable - agencies	23,301	26,241
Donated food inventory, net of food waste	1,577,397	846,623
Purchased food inventory	135,859	179,383
Total Current Assets	5,207,119	4,488,463
Property and equipment, net		
of accumulated depreciation	7,895,699	8,121,825
Total Assets	\$ 13,102,818	\$ 12,610,288
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 32,008	\$ 54,200
Deferred revenue	17,366	25,396
Retainage payable	-	5,564
Total Current Liabilities	49,374	85,160
Total Liabilities	49,374	85,160
Net Assets		
Without donor restrictions	10,924,359	11,050,067
With donor restrictions	2,129,085	1,475,061
Total net assets	13,053,444	12,525,128
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 13,102,818	\$ 12,610,288

See accompanying notes.

# THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Revenues, gains and other support:			
Federal Grants:			
USDA/TEFAP commodities	\$ -	\$ 4,855,008	\$ 4,855,008
UDSA/CSFP commodities	-	1,604,652	1,604,652
TDA - other administrative cost reimbursements	563,516	-	563,516
TDA - Building Capacity Grant	-	184,443	184,443
TDA - CSFP (administrative cost reimbursements)	163,375	-	163,375
Community Based Outreach Assistance Program	95,964	-	95,964
TDA - LFPA		57,765	57,765
Total federal grants and revenue	822,855	6,701,868	7,524,723
Value of donated food inventory, net of food scrapped of \$300,164	9,156,546	-	9,156,546
Donations	1,408,958	630,603	2,039,561
Program service fees	581,284	-	581,284
Fundraising	149,980	-	149,980
Dividend and interest income	95,766	-	95,766
Unrealized gain on investments held	24,889	-	24,889
Realized gain on sales of investments	17,947	-	17,947
Net assets released from restrictions	6,678,447	(6,678,447)	
Total revenues, gains and other support	18,936,672	654,024	19,590,696
Expenses:			
Program expenses	18,398,176	-	18,398,176
Supporting services:			
Administrative	364,157	-	364,157
Fundraising	300,047		300,047
Total expenses	19,062,380		19,062,380
(Decrease) Increase in Net Assets	(125,708)	654,024	528,316
Net Assets, December 31, 2023	11,050,067	1,475,061	12,525,128
Net Assets, December 31, 2024	\$ 10,924,359	\$ 2,129,085	\$ 13,053,444

# THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Revenues, gains and other support:			
Federal Grants:			
USDA commodities	\$ -	\$ 3,362,893	\$ 3,362,893
TDA - LFPA	-	623,133	623,133
TDA - Building Capacity Grant	186,786	-	186,786
TDA - other administrative cost reimbursements	170,086	-	170,086
Community Based Outreach Assistance Program	112,339	-	112,339
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	79,832		79,832
Total federal grants	549,043	3,986,026	4,535,069
Value of donated food inventory, net of food scrapped of \$419,588	7,405,879	-	7,405,879
Donations	684,483	1,267,403	1,951,886
Program service fees	581,160	-	581,160
Fundraising	184,584	-	184,584
Dividend and interest income	79,783	-	79,783
Unrealized gain on investments held	44,266	-	44,266
Realized gain on sales of investments	5,349	-	5,349
Net assets released from restrictions	4,738,465	(4,738,465)	
Total revenues, gains and other support	14,273,012	514,964	14,787,976
Expenses:			
Program expenses	13,874,751	-	13,874,751
Supporting services:			
Administrative	425,152	-	425,152
Fundraising	253,924		253,924
Total expenses	14,553,827		14,553,827
(Decrease) Increase in Net Assets	(280,815)	514,964	234,149
Net Assets, December 31, 2022	11,330,882	960,097	12,290,979
Net Assets, December 31, 2023	\$ 11,050,067	\$ 1,475,061	\$ 12,525,128

See accompanying notes.

#### THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Program	Supporting Services						Total	
	Services	Adn	ninistrative	Fu	ndraising	ndraising Total		Expenses	
Food distributed	\$ 14,940,419	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,940,419
Salaries and benefits	1,668,499		45,095		90,189		135,284		1,803,783
Depreciation expense	503,689		121,328		-		121,328		625,017
Food purchases	446,600		-		-		-		446,600
Fundraising expense	-		-		193,826		193,826		193,826
Repairs and maintenance	180,427		10,720		-		10,720		191,147
Back-Pack and other programs	163,954		-		-		-		163,954
Transportation	114,312		15,767		1,314		17,081		131,393
Utilities	84,739		25,538		5,804		31,342		116,081
Insurance	80,245		14,161		-		14,161		94,406
Office expense	49,633		40,442		1,838		42,280		91,913
Food processing	89,991		-		-		-		89,991
Professional fees	18,004		25,908		-		25,908		43,912
Training	-		37,741		-		37,741		37,741
Grant expense	22,486		227		-		227		22,713
Dues and subscriptions	1,483		14,406		5,297		19,703		21,186
Downtown farmer's market	16,165		-		-		-		16,165
Postage	13,257		107		-		107		13,364
Volunteer recognition	2,564		5,208		240		5,448		8,012
Investment expense	-		7,338		-		7,338		7,338
Uniforms	1,709		171		1,539		1,710		3,419
	\$ 18,398,176	\$	364,157	\$	300,047	\$	664,204	\$	19,062,380

#### THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Program	Supporting Services							Total
	 Services	Adn	ninistrative	Fundraising		Total			Expenses
Food distributed	\$ 10,390,912	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,390,912
Salaries and benefits	1,481,552		40,042		80,084		120,126		1,601,678
Food purchases	824,327		-		-		-		824,327
Depreciation expense	400,749		197,384		-		197,384		598,133
Back-Pack and other programs	183,507		-		-		-		183,507
Repairs and maintenance	153,163		9,776		-		9,776		162,939
Fundraising expense	-		-		159,422		159,422		159,422
Transportation	124,169		17,127		1,427		18,554		142,723
Utilities	88,418		26,647		6,056		32,703		121,121
Office expense	54,001		44,000		2,000		46,000		100,001
Food Processing	64,442		-		-		-		64,442
Insurance	40,819		7,203		-		7,203		48,022
Training	-		44,481		-		44,481		44,481
Professional fees	18,472		18,473		-		18,473		36,945
Grant expense	21,384		216		-		216		21,600
Postage	13,504		109		-		109		13,613
Dues and subscriptions	883		8,576		3,153		11,729		12,612
Downtown farmer's market	10,524		-		-		-		10,524
Volunteer recognition	2,172		4,412		204		4,616		6,788
Invesment expense	-		6,531		-		6,531		6,531
Uniforms	 1,753		175		1,578		1,753		3,506
	\$ 13,874,751	\$	425,152	\$	253,924	\$	679,076	\$	14,553,827

## THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Increase in net assets	\$ 528,316	\$ 234,149	
Adjustments to reconcile net assets to net cash provided by		·	
operating activities	(25.017	500 122	
Depreciation expense	625,017	598,133	
Unrealized gain on investments held	(24,889)	(44,266)	
Realized gain on sales of investments In-kind contributions of food items	(17,947)	(5,349)	
Distributions of in-kind food items	(15,454,634)	(10,768,772)	
	14,723,860	10,477,010	
Decrease (increase) in: Accounts receivable	(123,602)	289,284	
Purchased inventory	43,524	(100,599)	
Increase (decrease) in:	43,324	(100,399)	
Accounts payable	(22,192)	18,126	
Accrued expenses	(5,564)	(128,030)	
Deferred revenue	(8,030)	(10,624)	
Deferred revenue	(8,030)	(10,024)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	263,859	559,062	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchases of investments	(1,027,486)	(77,085)	
Redemption of investments	695,620	· -	
Purchases of property and equipment	(398,891)	(338,392)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(730,757)	(415,477)	
Net easif used in investing activities	(730,737)	(+13,+77)	
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Net cash provided by financing activities			
Net change in cash	(466,898)	143,585	
· ·	` ' '	,	
Cash at beginning of year	1,131,773	988,188	
Cash at end of year	\$ 664,875	\$ 1,131,773	

#### NOTE 1 – NATURE OF ACTIVITIES

The Community Food Bank of Victoria (the Food Bank) is a Texas non-profit corporation that operated originally as part of the Spirit of Youth of Victoria and then began its own operations as a separate entity on September 30, 1989. In order to identify better with its eleven-county service area, the Food Bank began doing business as the Food Bank of the Golden Crescent. The Food Bank's purpose is to collect and warehouse salvageable food, which has been donated by organizations and businesses, and distribute it to other non-profit agencies (agencies) which feed and distribute food to low-income families and individuals. Funding is provided primarily by donated commodities obtained from a nationwide network of sources including supermarket chains, the United States Department of Agriculture and food drives. The value of food and non-perishable items received from supermarket chains was \$4,371,766 and \$3,973,075 (22% and 27% of revenues), for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Below is a summary of principle programs administered by the Food Bank:

- 1. *Kids Backpack Program* the Backpack Program provides children with nutritious food to take home for the weekend. Backpacks are filled with nutritious, child-friendly food and redistributed on the day before weekends or holiday vacations.
- 2. Commodity Supplemental Food Program (CSFP) CSFP is a federally funded program by the U.S. Department of Agriculture and is administered by the Food and Nutrition Service and the Texas Department of Agriculture. Program recipients receive a grocery bag of supplemental food every month of the year. The Food Bank gives out health information, nutrition issues, food demonstrations and recipes through the CSF Program.
- 3. Texas Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP) The TEFAP of The Community Food Bank of Victoria assists individuals and families in need by delivering surplus commodities from the USDA and TDA to those individuals.
- 4. *Mobile Pantry Program* The Mobile Pantry Program reaches individuals and families living in rural areas and surrounding counties of Victoria, Texas. The goal is to provide and distribute food items, including fresh produce, every month in smaller cities that do not have local help.
- 5. Hunters for the Hungry The Hunters for the Hungry Program goal is to alleviate hunger and malnutrition to families in surrounding counties of Victoria, Texas. Their mission is to provide a meaningful outlet for hunters wishing to help their communities and promote stewardship of the environment through sensible wildlife management plans.

#### NOTE 1 – NATURE OF ACTIVITIES (Continued)

- 6. Nutrition Education Program The Food Bank has a team of nutrition educators and registered dietitian who inspire change in food choices and behaviors of children and adults so they can live healthier lives. The Food Bank emphasizes a lifestyle rich in whole foods such as vegetables, fruits, whole grains and lean meats and teach how eating healthy does not have to be expensive.
- 7. Social Services Program The Food Bank assist clients to complete applications for SNAP, Long Term Care for Seniors, CHIPS, Medicaid, TANF, and Medicare Savings Programs in local and rural counties so families can get the help they need.
- 8. *Disaster Relief Program* The Food Bank works directly with local and state authorities in emergency management operations to provide immediate food, water, and other items to those directly affected by a disaster.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Food Bank prepares its financial statements under the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. The Food Bank is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions. The following explains the details of both classes of net assets:

<u>Net assets without donor restrictions</u>: Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of the organization. These net assets may be used at the discretion of the Food Bank's management and the board of directors.

<u>Net assets with donor restrictions</u>: Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors, and grantors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature; those restrictions will be met by actions of the Food Bank or by the passage of time. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, whereby the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenues are reported as increases in net assets without donor restriction unless use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Expenses are reported as decreases in net assets without donor restriction. Gains and losses on investments and other assets or liabilities are reported as increases or decreases in net assets without donor restrictions unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulation or by law. Expirations of donor restrictions on the net assets (i.e., the donor-stipulated purpose has been fulfilled and/or the stipulated time period has elapsed) are reported as reclassifications between the applicable classes of net assets.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of cash flows, the Food Bank considers investments available for current use with an initial maturity date of ninety days to be cash equivalents. The Food Bank maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed the federally insured limits of up to \$250,000 under the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Management believes it is not exposed to any significant risk on cash accounts.

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represent amounts due from agencies and are stated at the amount the Food Bank expects to collect for shared maintenance fees. Provision for losses on receivables is made when considered necessary to maintain an adequate allowance to cover bad debts. Receivables are charged against the allowance when the Food Bank determines that payments will not be received. Any subsequent receipts are credited to the allowance. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, management estimates that no reserve for losses on receivables is required.

#### Grants Receivable

Grants receivable consists primarily of amounts due from government agencies and represent amounts due to the Food Bank in accordance with cost-reimbursement contracts. These receivables are considered fully collectible and therefore, the Food Bank does not consider an allowance necessary as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Investments and Net Investment Returns**

Investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are measured at fair value in the statements of financial position. The unrealized gain or loss on investments is included as a component of investment income in the statements of activities. Realized gains and losses on sales of investments are included in the statement of activities. Investments in certificates of deposit with original maturities over three months are carried at fair value.

#### **Inventory and Food Pricing**

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market determined by the first-in, first-out method. Inventory consists of donated food and non-food items, purchased food, and commodities received from the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). Donated food and non-food items were valued at \$1.97 and \$1.93 per pound for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. This valuation is based on published fair market value derived from cost studies conducted by Feeding America. Purchased food is valued at the latest purchase price. USDA commodity inventory amounts at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are restricted to distribution programs serving low-income families and individuals. Therefore, the value of these ending inventories is reflected as with donor restriction asset in the statement of financial position. Accordingly, the distribution of these commodities is reflected in the statement of activities as assets released from restriction.

#### **Shared Maintenance Fees**

Shared maintenance fees represent shared fees charged to agencies for handling of distributed food and are recognized at a point in time when goods are provided to an agency and the Food Bank is not required to provide additional goods or services. These shared maintenance fees range from \$0.03 to \$0.19 per pound and the Food Bank determines the transaction price concessions, and the contracts do not contain a significant financing component or variable consideration.

#### Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Gifts or contributions of property and equipment are recorded at the asset's fair market value at the time received. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over useful lives of the assets, ranging from five to fifteen years for vehicles, office furniture, and equipment, and ten to forty years for buildings and building improvements. It is the Food Bank's policy to capitalize property and equipment over \$1,500 and to expense items purchased at lesser amounts. When items are disposed of, the cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the records of accounts and any gains or losses are reported in the statement of activities.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Long-lived Asset Impairment

The Food Bank evaluates the recoverability of the carrying value of long-lived assets whenever events or circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If a long-lived asset is tested for recoverability and the undiscounted estimated future cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset are less than the carrying amount of the asset, the asset cost is adjusted to fair value, and an impairment loss is recognized as the amount by which the carrying amount of a long-lived asset exceeds its fair value. No asset impairment was recognized during the years ending December 31, 2024 and 2023.

#### **Donated Property and Equipment**

Donations of property and equipment are recorded as contributions at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Such donations are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions unless the donor has restricted the donated asset to a specific purpose. Assets donated with explicit restrictions regarding their use and contributions of cash that must be used to acquire property and equipment are reported as restricted contributions. Absent donor stipulations regarding how long those donated assets must be maintained, the Food Bank reports expirations of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired assets are placed in service. The Food Bank reclassifies net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions at that time.

#### Contributions and Contributed Services

Contributions are provided to the Food Bank either with or without restrictions placed on the gift by the donor. Revenues and net assets are separately reported to reflect the nature of those gifts — with or without donor restrictions. The value recorded for each contribution is recognized as follows:

#### Nature of the Gift

Conditional gifts, with or without restrictions

 Gifts that depend on the Food Bank overcoming a donor-imposed barrier to be entitled to the funds

*Unconditional gifts, with or without restrictions* 

- Received at the date of gift cash and other assets
- Received at the date of gift property, equipment, and long-lived assets
- Expected to be collected within one year
- Collect in future years

#### Value Recognized

- Not recognized until the gift becomes unconditional, i.e., the donor-imposed barrier is met
- Fair Value
- Estimated fair value
- Net realizable value
- Initially reported at fair value determined using the discounted present value of estimated future cash flows technique.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In addition to the amount initially recognized, revenue for unconditional gifts to be collected in future years is also recognized each year as the present-value discount is amortized using the level-yield method. When a donor-stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Absent explicit donor stipulations for the period of time that long-lived assets must be held, expirations of restrictions for gifts of land, buildings, equipment, and other long-lived assets are reported when those assets are placed in service. Gifts and investment income that are originally restricted by the donor and for which the restriction is met in the same time period the gift is received are recorded as revenue with donor restrictions and then released from restriction. Conditional contributions and investment income having donor stipulations which are satisfied in the period the gift is received, and the investment income is earned are recorded as revenue with donor restrictions and then released from restriction.

The Food Bank receives a significant amount of donated services from unpaid volunteers who assist in the warehouse. However, the value of these services has not been recognized in the statement of activities since they do not meet the criteria for recognition as contributed services. The Food Bank received 8,706 hours of services from 2,597 volunteers for the year ending December 31, 2024. The Food Bank received 9,225 hours of services from 1,514 volunteers for the year ending December 31, 2023.

#### Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the prior year financial statements, none having an effect on net income, have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform with the presentation in the current year financial statements.

## Support and Revenue Recognition

The Food Bank follows ASU 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which established a comprehensive revenue recognition standard for virtually all industries in U.S. GAAP, including those that previously followed industry-specific guidance. Management has undertaken a review of contracts and revenue streams for all net revenues. In the context of ASU 606 as it applies to the Food Bank, customers and responsible parties include partner agencies and the lessee/lessor arrangement between the Food Bank.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Government Grants and Contracts**

Federal and state contracts and grants are conditioned upon certain performance requirements and/or the incurrence of allowable qualifying expenses. Amounts received are recognized as revenue when incurred expenditures comply with specific contract or grant provisions. Amounts received prior to incurring qualifying expenses are reported as refundable advances in the statement of financial position. No amounts have been received in advance under federal and state contracts and grants. None of the grants or contracts involve an exchange portion. Disallowed costs due to oversight agency audits are recognized in the period the funds are repaid after the oversight agency has made its determination and issued a final correction action plan requiring repayment of such cost.

#### <u>Functional Allocation of Expenses</u>

The cost of providing the various programs and other activities has been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities and the statement of functional expenses. Expenses are charged to program and supporting services based on direct expenditures incurred. Any expenditures not directly chargeable to a program is allocated to program and supporting service by percentages based on management's estimates related to employee counts in the Food Bank's different departments.

#### **Income Tax Status**

The Food Bank is not-for-profit organization that is exempt from federal income taxes pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is classified as a publicly supported organization. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the accompanying statements. The Food Bank's Form 990, Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax, for the years ending 2021, 2022, and 2023 are subject to examination by the IRS, generally for three years after they were filed.

#### Compensated Absences

Employees of the Food Bank begin to accrue vacation benefits upon their first day of employment and are eligible to use this time upon receipt of their first paycheck. Vacation benefits are typically taken in the calendar year it was accrued, however up to 40 and 20 hours for full-time and part-time employees, respectively, is allowed to be carried over into the following fiscal period. Any unused vacation hours will be paid in full upon termination. Sick leave accumulates upon employment. For an employee to be eligible for paid sick leave, 90 days of service must be completed. All unused sick leave may accrue, but unused sick pay is not paid to employees upon termination with the Food Bank. Because these amounts cannot be reasonably estimated, no accrual has been made for compensated absences.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Subsequent events

Management of the Food Bank has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure through June 24, 2025, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. As a result of this evaluation, no events were identified that are required to be disclosed or would have a material impact on reported net assets or changes in net assets.

#### **NOTE 3 – CONTINGENCIES**

The Food Bank receives funding or reimbursement from governmental agencies that are subject to specific compliance requirements and review and audit by the grantors or their representatives. Such audits could result in requests for reimbursement by the grantor agency for expenses disallowed under the terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements. The net effect of any disallowances or adjustments resulting from these activities could have a material effect on the Food Bank's financial position.

#### NOTE 4 – LIQUIDITY AND AVAILIBILITY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

The following represents the Food Bank's financial assets available for general expenditures within one year at December 31, 2024 and 2023. Financial assets are considered unavailable when illiquid or not convertible to cash within one year.

		2024		2023
Financial assets at year-end:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	664,875	\$	1,131,773
Investments		2,423,290		2,048,588
Accounts receivable		405,698		282,096
Total financial assets		3,493,863		3,462,457
Less amounts not available to be used within one year: Net assets with donor restrictions Less net assets with purpose restrictions to be met in less than a year		(2,129,085)		(1,475,061)
Financial assets available to meet general expenditures over the next twelve months	<u>\$</u>	1,364,778	<u>\$</u>	1,987,396

As part of the Food Bank's liquidity management, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due.

#### NOTE 5 – INVESTMENTS

Investments consisted of the following as of December 31:

		Unrealized		Unrealized		Unrealized	Fair
	Cost		Gains Losses		Value		
December 31, 2024							
Certificates of deposit	\$1,897,636	\$	813	\$	\$ 1,898,449		
Mutual funds	483,944		40,897		524,841		
	<u>\$2,381,580</u>	\$	41,710	\$	<u>\$ 2,423,290</u>		
D							
December 31, 2023	Ф1 <b>554 13</b> 0	Φ	1.01.4	Ф	Φ 1 555 150		
Certificates of deposit	\$1,574,138	\$	,	\$	\$ 1,575,152		
Mutual funds	457,629		15,807		473,436		
	\$2,031,767	\$	16,821	\$	<u>\$ 2,048,588</u>		

Interest and dividend income for the years ending December 31, 2024 and 2023 were \$95,766 and \$79,783, respectively. Net unrealized gains of \$24,889 and \$44,266 on investments held were recognized at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. And net realized gains were \$17,947 and \$5,349 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### NOTE 6 – INVENTORY

Although the Food Bank purchases some of its food inventory, the majority of food distributed by The Food Bank is received by contributions from the general public and from the U. S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). The estimated value of these contributions is recognized in the financial statements as contribution revenue and food and other supplies or program expenses if distributed during the year. The pounds collected are recorded by Food Bank staff at the time of receipt based on actual weight. The total value of contributed and purchased food at December 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	2	024	2	023
	_Pounds_	Dollars	Pounds	Dollars
Donated inventory	193,486	\$ 381,107	179,053	\$ 345,340
USDA commodities	96,287	189,685	79,395	153,239
USDA-CCC commodities	91,152	179,569	93,209	179,890
Purchased inventory	135,504	135,859	201,287	179,383
CSFP commodities	422,664	827,036		
Local food purchase program			29,179	168,154
	939,093	<u>\$1,713,256</u>	<u>582,123</u>	<u>\$ 1,026,006</u>

#### NOTE 7 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following as of December 31:

	 2024	 2023
Building (S. Laurent)	\$ 6,685,385	\$ 6,684,149
Land (S. Laurent)	245,792	245,792
Building (E. Rio Grande)	1,197,105	1,087,908
Land (E. Rio Grande)	22,064	22,064
Equipment	1,746,481	1,700,583
Vehicles	1,090,588	836,224
Construction-in-progress	 	 11,804
	10,987,415	10,588,524
Less: Accumulated depreciation	 (3,091,716)	 (2,466,699)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 7,895,699	\$ 8,121,825
1 2 1 1 /		 

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 totaled \$625,017 and \$598,133, respectively.

#### NOTE 8 – LINE OF CREDIT PAYABLE

The Food Bank holds a revolving line of credit for amounts up to \$250,000 with Prosperity Bank, Texas to support Food Bank's operations. The line of credit held a zero balance at December 31, 2024 and 2023. No funds were disbursed to the Food Bank from the line in 2024 or 2023.

#### NOTE 9 – CONCENTRATIONS

The Food Bank receives a large portion of its food supplies from the U.S. Department of Agriculture via the Emergency Food Assistance Programs (TEFAP). For the years ending December 31, 2024 and 2023, these commodities comprised approximately 41% and 30%, respectively, of the total value of all donated food received.

A grant to reimburse administrative costs with the U.S. Department of Agriculture provided approximately 100% and 40% of the assistance necessary to fund the administrative operations of the Food Bank for the years ending December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### NOTE 10 – NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

Net assets with donor restrictions as of December 31 were available for the following purposes:

Specific Purpose	2024			2023
CSFP commodities for distribution	\$	827,036	\$	
USDA commodities for distribution		369,254		333,129
Transportation and food purchases		327,870		717,668
3809 E. Rio Grande building renovation		290,000		
Training		155,058		266,240
Backpack program		139,984		71,528
Diabetic education		19,883		
Senior meal boxes				45,000
FPI strategic capacity building services				23,675
Agencies				17,821
Total net assets with donor restrictions	\$	2,129,085	<u>\$</u>	1,475,061

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the purpose or time restrictions specified by donors as follows:

Specific Purpose	 2024	 2023
USDA commodities for distribution	\$ 4,818,883	\$ 3,118,472
CSFP commodities for distribution	777,616	
Transportation and food purchases	476,565	248,943
US Treasury – building capacity grant	184,443	186,786
Training	149,271	84,322
Kids backpack program	97,291	175,832
US Department of HUD	57,765	623,133
Senior meal boxes	45,000	87,652
Diabetic education	30,117	
FPI strategic capacity building services	23,675	111,325
Agencies	17,821	
Asset purchases	 	 102,000
Total net assets released from restriction	\$ 6,678,447	\$ 4,738,465

#### NOTE 11 – RETIREMENT PLAN

The Food Bank offers a 403(b) retirement plan available to all full-time employees once they have completed 90 days of employment. Those employees who are eligible to participate may contribute an elected percentage not to exceed 10% or a set amount withheld from their payroll check every pay period. The Food Bank will match 100% of the employees' contribution each pay period up to the budgeted amount for the year. Each employee is 100% vested in the Food Bank's match. Contributions made on behalf of employees totaled \$31,237 and \$26,840 for the years ending December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### NOTE 12 – OPERATING LEASES

The Food Bank has non-cancelable operating leases, primarily for the use of office equipment. This lease generally contains renewal options for various periods and requires the Food Bank to pay costs such as taxes, maintenance, and insurance. Total lease expense for 2024 and 2023 were \$9,961 and \$11,576, respectively. Future estimated minimum lease payments under operating leases that have remaining terms in excess of one year as of December 31, 2024, are:

<u>Year</u>		<u>Amount</u>
2025	\$	5,404
2026		484
2027		484
2028		121
Total	<u>\$</u>	6,493

#### NOTE 13 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Generally accepted accounting principles require that certain assets and liabilities be reported at fair value and establish a hierarchy that prioritizes inputs used to measure fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measure date.

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Inputs are other than quoted prices included in Level 1, which are either directly observable or can be derived from or corroborated by observable market data at the reporting date.

#### NOTE 13 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

• Level 3 – Inputs are not observable and are based on the reporting entity's assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

Fair value measurements and levels within the fair value hierarchy of those measurements for assets and liabilities reported at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using			
	Quoted Prices			
		In Active		
		Markets for	Significant	
		Identical	Other	Significant
		Assets/	Observable	Unobservable
	Fair	Liabilities	Inputs	Inputs
	Value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
December 31, 2024				
Certificates of deposit	\$ 1,898,449	\$ 1,898,449	\$	\$
Mutual funds	524,841	524,841		
Total	\$ 2,423,290	<u>\$ 2,423,290</u>	\$	\$
December 31, 2023				
Certificates of deposit	\$ 1,575,152	\$ 1,575,152	\$	\$
Mutual funds	473,436	473,436	- <u></u>	<u></u>
Total	\$ 2,048,588	\$ 2,048,588	\$	\$

To estimate their fair value, the Food Bank uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities (market approach).

Valuation methods used for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis are as follows:

- Mutual funds are valued at the net asset value of shares held at year end. These valuation methods may produce a fair value that may not be indicative of net realizable value of reflective of futures fair values.
- Certificates of deposit are valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

#### NOTE 13 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

Furthermore, while the Food Bank believes its valuation methods are appropriate, the use of different methods or assumptions could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date. The Food Bank recognizes transfers of assets into and out of levels as of the date an event or change in circumstances causes the transfer. There were no transfers between levels in 2024 or 2023.

#### NOTE 14 – RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A board member of the Food Bank is an employee of a supermarket chain to which the Food Bank paid \$2,801 and \$6,433 in 2024 and 2023, respectively. A board member of the Food Bank is an employee of another supermarket chain to which the Food Bank paid \$751 and \$1,051 in 2024 and 2023, respectively.

#### NOTE 15 – REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

#### Shared Maintenance Revenue

Performance obligations are determined based on the nature of the goods or services provided by the Food Bank in accordance with the contract. Revenue for performance obligations satisfied at a point in time is generally recognized when goods are provided to customers and the Food Bank does not believe it is required to provide additional goods or services related to that sale.

#### Transaction Price and Recognition

The Food Bank determines the transaction price on a per pound basis on selected categories of products. There are no explicit or implicit price concessions, and the contracts do not contain a significant financing component or variable consideration. The Food Bank has not incurred material refunds in the past, and accordingly, has not provided for a refund liability on December 31, 2024. The exchange portion of shared maintenance revenue, plus reimbursements, was \$581,284 and \$581,160, for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Food Bank recognized revenue from goods or services that transfer to the customer at a point in time.

#### THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Federal Grantor/	Federal	Passed Through	Passed	
Pass-Through Grantor/	Assistance	Entity Identifying	Through to	Total Federal
Program Title	Listing Number	Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
D 1771 1.4				
Passed Through the: The Food Distribution - Cluster				
Texas Department of Agriculture				
Emergency Food Assistance Program				
(Food Commodities)	10.569	04006	-	\$ 3,385,016
Texas Department of Agriculture				
Emergency Food Assistance Program				
(Administrative Costs) - Reach & Resiliency	10.568	04006	-	337,920
Texas Department of Agriculture				
Emergency Food Assistance Program	10.560	0.4006		140 200
(Administrative Costs) Texas Department of Agriculture	10.568	04006	-	149,200
Commodity Supplemental Food Program				
(Food Commodities)	10.565	04006	_	777,616
Texas Department of Agriculture				,,,,,,,
Commodity Supplemental Food Program				
(Administrative Costs)	10.565	04006	-	163,375
Total passed-through Texas Department of Agriculture - The Fo	od Distribution Cluster			4,813,127
Passed Through the:				
Texas Department of Agriculture				
Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP)				
Commodity Credit Corporation Eligible Receiptent Funds				
(Food Commodities)	10.187	04006	-	1,433,867
Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP)				
Commodity Credit Corporation Eligible Receiptent Funds				
(Adminstrative Costs)	10.187	04006	-	53,561
Texas Department of Agriculture				
Local Food Purchase Assistance Funds Program	10.182	-	-	57,765
Total passed-through Texas Department of Agriculture				1,545,193
TAINS DO NOT THE				- (250 220
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				6,358,320
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services				
o. s. Department of ficatin and fruman services				
Passed Through the:				
Texas Food Bank Network				
Community Based Outreach & Application Assistance Services	N/A	HHSC-529-06-0423-00013	-	95,964
Total passed-through Texas Food Bank Network				95,964
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				95,964
U.S. Department of Treasury				
U.S. Department of Treasury				
Passed Through the:				
Texas Department of Agriculture				
Food Bank Capacity Building Grant	21.027.119	GFB202217	-	184,443
Total passed-through Texas Department of Treasury				184,443
Total U.S. Department of Treasury				184,443
U.S. Danaston at a fill and a said the bar Danaston at				
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Passed Through the:				
Office of Community Planning and Development				
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-13-MC-48-0510	_	12,000
Total passed-through City of Victoria, Texas				12,000
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development				12,000
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Descend Through the				
Passed Through the: United Way of America				
Emergency Food and Shelter Program - Victoria County	97.024	842600-005	_	10,687
Emergency Food and Shelter Program - Dewitt County	97.024	801600-003	-	10,229
Emergency Food and Shelter Program - Gonzales County	97.024	807800-002	-	3,693
Total passed-through United Way of America				24,609
•				
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				24,609
TAIR LAND				0 (77.
Total Federal Awards				\$ 6,675,336

# THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

#### NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of The Community Food Bank of Victoria (the Food Bank) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Food Bank, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Food Bank. Therefore, some amounts presented in this Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity indentifying numbers are presented where available.

#### NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE

The Food Bank has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### NOTE 4 – FOOD DONATION

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. As of December 31, 2024, the Food Bank had \$1,196,290 of USDA TEFAP and CSFP commodities in inventory.

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> INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of The Community Food Bank of Victoria dba Food Bank of the Golden Crescent Victoria, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of The Community Food Bank of Victoria (the Food Bank), a nonprofit organization, which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2024, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 24, 2025.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Food Bank's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Food Bank's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Food Bank's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Food Bank's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Corpus Christi, Texas

pf Valdey, P. C.

June 24, 2025

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors of The Community Food Bank of Victoria dba Food Bank of the Golden Crescent Victoria, Texas

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited The Community Food Bank of Victoria's (the Food Bank) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Food Bank's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2024. The Food Bank's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, The Community Food Bank of Victoria complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Food Bank and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Food Bank's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Food Bank's federal programs.

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#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Food Bank's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Food Bank's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Food Bank's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Food Bank's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Food Bank's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Corpus Christi, Texas

by Volding, P. C.

June 24, 2025

#### THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

#### SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS A

#### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP

Unmodified

#### <u>Internal control over financial reporting:</u>

Material Weakness Identified?

No

Significant Deficiencies identified not considered to be a material weakness?

None reported

Noncompliance material to the financial statements?

No

#### Federal Awards

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

#### Internal control over major programs:

• Material Weakness Identified?

No

Significant Deficiencies identified not considered to be a material weakness?

None reported

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

#### Identification of major federal programs:

CFDA#	Federal Program Title or Cluster
	The Food Distribution Cluster -
10.569	Texas Department of Agriculture Emergency
	Food Assistance Program (Food Commodities)
10.568	Texas Department of Agriculture Emergency
	Food Assistance Program (Administrative Costs)
10.565	Commodity Supplemental Food Program
	(Food Commodities and Adminstrative Costs)
10.187	Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP)
	Commodity Credit Corporation Eligible Recipient Funds
	(Food & Adminstrative Costs)

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:

1,000,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Yes

#### В FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS None

#### $\mathbf{C}$ FINDINGS RELATED TO FEDERAL AWARDS

None

# THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

A PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None

B PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None