### THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

December 31, 2022 and 2021

## THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors The Community Food Bank of Victoria dba Food Bank of the Golden Crescent Victoria, Texas

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Community Food Bank of Victoria (the Food Bank), a nonprofit organization, which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Food Bank as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Food Bank and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Food Bank's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

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#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Food Bank's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Food Bank's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audits, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audits.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

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The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated August 30, 2023, on our consideration of the Food Bank's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Food Bank's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering The Community Food Bank of Victoria's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Corpus Christi, Texas August 30, 2023

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#### THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION December 31, 2022

ı	2022	2021	
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 988,188	\$ 3,514,624	
Investments	1,921,888	495,138	
Accounts receivable - government grants and contracts	548,400	203,116	
Accounts receivable - agencies	22,980	23,800	
Food inventory, net of food waste	633,645	1,612,061	
Total Current Assets	4,115,101	5,848,739	
Total Cultent Assets	7,113,101	3,040,737	
Property and equipment, net			
of accumulated depreciation	8,381,566	6,722,223	
Total Assets	\$ 12,496,667	\$ 12,570,962	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 36,074	\$ 12,049	
Deferred revenue	36,020	14,684	
Retainage payable	133,594	281,805	
Total Current Liabilities	205,688	308,538	
Total Liabilities	205,688	308,538	
	<del> </del>		
Net Assets			
Without donor restrictions	11,330,882	10,701,737	
With donor restrictions	960,097	1,560,687	
Total net assets	12,290,979	12,262,424	
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 12,496,667	\$ 12,570,962	

See accompanying notes.

## THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total
Revenues, gains and other support:			
Value of donated and purchased food inventory, net of food scrapped \$184,863	\$ 7,777,146	\$ -	\$ 7,777,146
Government grants and contracts	569,434	1,969,995	2,539,429
Contributions	783,326	1,023,069	1,806,395
USDA donated commodities	705,520	2,390,000	2,390,000
Program service fees	381,482	2,370,000	381,482
Fundraising	192,280	<u>-</u>	192,280
Realized gain on sales of investments	6,531	_	6,531
Dividend and interest income	5,581	_	5,581
Miscellaneous income	4,840	_	4,840
Other income	16,000	_	16,000
Unrealized loss on investments held	(87,555)	<del>-</del>	(87,555)
Net assets released from restrictions	5,983,654	(5,983,654)	-
Total revenues, gains and other support	15,632,719	(600,590)	15,032,129
Expenses:			
Program expenses	14,410,755	-	14,410,755
Supporting services:	, ,		
Administrative	340,290	-	340,290
Fundraising	252,529	-	252,529
Total expenses	15,003,574		15,003,574
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	629,145	(600,590)	28,555
Net Assets, December 31, 2021	10,701,737	1,560,687	12,262,424
Net Assets, December 31, 2022	\$ 11,330,882	\$ 960,097	\$ 12,290,979

## THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Without Donor Restrictions					Total
Revenues, gains and other support:						
Value of donated and purchased food inventory,	\$	9,553,098	\$	-	\$	9,553,098
net of food scrapped of \$80,780						
Contributions		861,082		,941,366		4,802,448
USDA donated commodities		-	.3	,737,506		3,737,506
Government grants and contracts		509,310		-		509,310
Program service fees		436,891		-		436,891
Fundraising		238,705		-		238,705
Forgiveness of PPP note payable		209,400		-		209,400
Realized gain on sales of investments		56,908		-		56,908
Dividend and interest income		5,442		-		5,442
Unrealized gain on investments held		4,367		-		4,367
Loss on disposal of equipment		(10,095)		-		(10,095)
Net assets released from restrictions		8,030,619	(8	,030,619)		<u> </u>
Total revenues, gains and other support		19,895,727		(351,747)	·	19,543,980
Expenses:						
Program expenses		15,751,269		-		15,751,269
Supporting services:						
Administrative		198,179		-		198,179
Fundraising		232,473		-		232,473
Total expenses		16,181,921				16,181,921
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets		3,713,806		(351,747)		3,362,059
Net Assets, December 31, 2020		6,987,931	1	,912,434		8,900,365
Net Assets, December 31, 2021		10,701,737	\$ 1	,560,687		12,262,424

#### THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Program	Supporting Services			Total				
	 Services	Adn	ninistrative	Fu	Fundraising Total		Total	Expenses	
•									
Food distributed	\$ 11,145,571	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	11,145,571
Salaries and benefits	1,412,834		38,185		76,369		114,554		1,527,388
Food purchases	827,209		-		_		-		827,209
Depreciation expense	234,960		115,164		-		115,164		350,124
Repairs and maintenance	190,758		12,176		-		12,176		202,934
Program expense	187,387		-		-		-		187,387
Fundraising expense	-		-		161,177		161,177		161,177
Transportation	120,158		16,573		1,381		17,954		138,112
Office expense	60,910		49,631		2,256		51,887		112,797
Utilities	76,043		22,917		5,208		28,125		104,168
Professional fees	30,532		30,532		-		30,532		61,064
Food processing	60,639		-		<del>-</del> .		-		60,639
Insurance	28,825		5,087		-		5,087		33,912
Training	-		27,914		-		27,914		27,914
Dues and subscriptions	1,186		11,523		4,237		15,760		16,946
Postage	13,284		107		-		107		13,391
Volunteer recognition	3,739		7,595		351		7,946		11,685
Downtown farmer's market	8,339		-		-				8,339
Grant expense	6,658		67		-		67		6,725
Uniforms	1,723		172		1,550		1,722		3,445
Investment expense	 		2,647				2,647		2,647
	\$ 14,410,755	\$	340,290	<u>\$</u>	252,529		592,819	\$	15,003,574

## THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

		Program	Supporting Services				Total		
		Services	Adı	ninistrative		ndraising	 Total	Expenses	
Food distributed	\$	12,781,850	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 12,781,850	
Salaries and benefits		1,138,873		9,870		85,005	94,875	1,233,748	
Food purchases		1,028,527		-		-	-	1,028,527	
Program expense		255,165		-		-	_	255,165	
Depreciation expense		122,911		89,194		-	89,194	212,105	
Repairs and maintenance		98,003		17,501		1,167	18,668	116,671	
Fundraising expense		-		-		112,228	112,228	112,228	
Transportation		101,411		1,369		2,527	3,896	105,307	
Office expense		44,938		20,295		7,248	27,543	72,481	
Food Processing		59,854		_		-	-	59,854	
Utilities		39,061		16,323		2,914	19,237	58,298	
Grant expense		38,445		-		388	388	38,833	
Professional fees		2,625		30,305		-	30,305	32,930	
Insurance		14,871		1,119		-	1,119	15,990	
Dues and subscriptions		2,650		3,973		8,094	12,067	14,717	
Training		7,810		844		1,900	2,744	10,554	
Downtown farmer's market		10,494		-		-	-	10,494	
Postage		-		-		9,183	9,183	9,183	
Volunteer recognition		1,964		3,990		184	4,174	6,138	
Uniforms		1,817		182		1,635	1,817	3,634	
Invesment expense				3,214			 3,214	 3,214	
	_\$_	15,751,269	\$	198,179	\$	232,473	\$ 430,652	 16,181,921	

## THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

### For the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

	20	)22		2021
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Increase in net assets	\$	28,555	\$	3,362,059
Adjustments to reconcile net assets to net cash provided by				
operating activities	_			
Depreciation expense		50,124		212,105
Unrealized loss (gain) on investments held		87,555		(4,367)
Realized gain on sales of investments		(6,531)		(56,908)
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	(10.1	-		10,095
In-kind contributions of food items		67,146)		13,339,493)
Distributions of in-kind food items	10,8	21,465		13,201,727
Forgiveness of Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) note		-		(209,400)
Decrease (increase) in:	(2	11 161		51.061
Accounts receivable		44,464)		51,961
Purchased inventory	3	24,097		(347,385)
Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable		24,025		279,126
Accounts payable Accrued expenses		48,211)		(1,333)
Deferred revenue		21,336		(3,039)
Deterred revenue		21,330		(3,039)
Net cash provided by operating activities	9	90,805		3,155,148
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of investments	(1,5	53,902)		(131,908)
Redemption of investments		46,128		2,876,276
Purchases of property and equipment	(2,0	09,467)		(3,817,793)
Not such used in investing pativities	(2.5	17,241)		(1,073,425)
Net cash used in investing activities	(3,3	17,241)		(1,073,423)
Cash flows from financing activities:				-
Net cash provided by financing activities				
Net change in cash	(2,5	26,436)		2,081,723
Cash at beginning of year	3,5	14,624		1,432,901
Cash at end of year	\$ O	88,188	\$	3,514,624
Cash at Chu Oi year	<u> </u>	00,100	Ψ	3,317,027
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NON-CASH FINANCING ACTIVITY				
Forgiveness of Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) note payable	\$	-	\$	209,400

#### NOTE 1 – NATURE OF ACTIVITIES

The Community Food Bank of Victoria (the Food Bank) is a Texas non-profit corporation that operated originally as part of the Spirit of Youth of Victoria and then began its own operations as a separate entity on September 30, 1989. In order to identify better with its eleven-county service area, the Food Bank began doing business as the Food Bank of the Golden Crescent. The Food Bank's purpose is to collect and warehouse salvageable food, which has been donated by organizations and businesses, and distribute it to other non-profit agencies (agencies) which feed and distribute food to low-income families and individuals. Funding is provided primarily by donated commodities obtained from a nationwide network of sources including supermarket chains, the United States Department of Agriculture and food drives. The value of food and non-perishable items received from supermarket chains was \$5,367,476 and \$4,549,312, (37% and 23% of revenues), for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) is administering a Trade Mitigation Food Purchase and Distribution Program (Trade Mitigation Food Program) to purchase up to \$1.2 billion in USDA foods. The bulk of this food is being distributed through The Emergency Food Assistance Program (TEFAP), which is USDA's primary outlet for foods purchased through market support mechanisms. The Food Bank distributed 156,593 pounds of food under the Trade Mitigation Food Program for the years ending December 31, 2021. The Food Bank did not distribute food under the Trade Mitigation Food Program for the year ending August 31, 2022.

In the Spring of 2020, under the statutory authority of the Texas Government Code, Chapter 418 and CARES, the U.S. Department of Homeland Security (USDHS) through the Texas Division of Emergency Management (TDEM) and the Texas A&M University System, an agency of the State of Texas, are administering a program to purchase and distribute food as an emergency protective measure related to the COVID-19 crisis. The food is purchased under the rules and regulations of the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Public Assistance Program. The Food Bank received \$1,252,500 of funding through this program for the years ending December 31, 2021. The Food Bank did not receive funding through this program for the year ending December 31, 2022.

Below is a summary of principle programs administered by the Food Bank:

- 1. Kids Backpack Program the Backpack Program provides children with nutritious food to take home for the weekend. Backpacks are filled with nutritious, child-friendly food and redistributed on the day before weekends or holiday vacations.
- 2. *Mobile Pantry Program* The Mobile Pantry Program reaches individuals and families living in rural areas and surrounding counties of Victoria, Texas. The goal is to provide and distribute food items, including fresh produce, every month in smaller cities that do not have local help.

#### NOTE 1 – NATURE OF ACTIVITIES (Continued)

- 3. Hunters for the Hungry The Hunters for the Hungry Program goal is to alleviate hunger and malnutrition to families in surrounding counties of Victoria, Texas. Their mission is to provide a meaningful outlet for hunters wishing to help their communities and promote stewardship of the environment through sensible wildlife management plans.
- 4. Nutrition Education Program The Food Bank has a team of nutrition educators and registered dietitian who inspire change in food choices and behaviors of children and adults so they can live healthier lives. The Food Bank emphasizes a lifestyle rich in whole foods such as vegetables, fruits, whole grains and lean meats and teach how eating healthy does not have to be expensive.
- 5. Social Services Program The Food Bank assist clients to complete applications for SNAP, Long Term Care for Seniors, CHIPS, Medicaid, TANF, and Medicare Savings Programs in local and rural counties so families can get the help they need.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The Food Bank prepares its financial statements under the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. The Food Bank is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: net assets without donor restrictions and net assets with donor restrictions. The following explains the details of both classes of net assets:

<u>Net assets without donor restrictions</u>: Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expensed for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of the organization. These net assets may be used at the discretion of the Food Bank's management and the board of directors.

<u>Net assets with donor restrictions</u>: Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors, and grantors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature; those restrictions will be met by actions of the Food Bank or by the passage of time. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, whereby the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity.

Donor restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets are reclassified from net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions in the statement of activities.

### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of cash flows, the Food Bank considers investments available for current use with an initial maturity date of ninety days to be cash equivalents. The Food Bank maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed the federally insured limits of up to \$250,000 under the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Management believes it is not exposed to any significant risk on cash accounts.

#### **Shared Maintenance Fees**

The Food Bank receives fees from participating agencies to assist in the costs of distributing food. These shared maintenance fees are based on predetermined rates from \$0.03 to \$0.19 per pound.

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable represent amounts due from agencies and others and are stated at the amount the Food Bank expects to collect for shared maintenance fees and grants from government agencies. Provision for losses on receivables is made when considered necessary to maintain an adequate allowance to cover bad debts. Receivables are charged against the allowance when the Food Bank determines that payments will not be received. Any subsequent receipts are credited to the allowance. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, management estimates that no reserve for losses on receivables is required.

#### **Investments**

Investments in equity securities with readily determinable fair values and all investments in debt securities are measured at fair value in the statements of financial position. The unrealized gain or loss on investments is included as a component of investment income in the statements of activities. Realized gains and losses on sales of investments are included in the statement of activities. Investments in certificates of deposit with original maturities over three months are carried at fair value.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Inventory**

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market determined by the first-in, first-out method. Inventory consists of donated food and non-food items, purchased food, and commodities received from the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA). USDA and donated food and non-food items were valued at \$1.92 and \$1.79 per pound for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. This valuation is based on published fair market value derived from cost studies conducted by Feeding America. Purchased food is valued at the latest purchase price. USDA commodity inventory amounts at December 31, 2022 and 2021 are restricted to distribution programs serving low-income families and individuals. Therefore, the value of these ending inventories is reflected as with donor restriction asset in the statement of financial position. Accordingly, the distribution of these commodities is reflected in the statement of activities as assets released from restriction.

#### **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Gifts or contributions of property and equipment are recorded at the asset's fair market value at the time received. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over useful lives of the assets, ranging from five to fifteen years for vehicles, office furniture, and equipment, and ten to forty years for buildings and building improvements. It is the Food Bank's policy to capitalize property and equipment over \$1,500 and to expense items purchased at lesser amounts. When items are disposed of, the cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the records of accounts and any gains or losses are reported in the statement of activities.

#### Contributions and Contributed Services

Contributions received are recorded as net assets with or without donor restrictions, depending on the existence and nature of any donor restrictions. Restricted contributions are reported as increases in restricted net assets. When the restriction is met the amount is shown as a reclassification of net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions.

The Food Bank receives a significant amount of donated services from unpaid volunteers who assist in the warehouse. However, the value of these services has not been recognized in the statement of activities since they do not meet the criteria for recognition as contributed services. The Food Bank received 5,032 hours of services from 3,525 volunteers for the year ending December 31, 2022. The Food Bank received 14,244 hours of services from 3,480 volunteers for the year ending December 31, 2021.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Support and Revenue Recognition

The Food Bank follows ASU No. 2014-09 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606) which established a comprehensive revenue recognition standard for virtually all industries in U.S. GAAP, including those that previously followed industry-specific guidance. Management has undertaken a review of contracts and revenue streams for all net revenues. In the context of Topic 606 as it applies to the Food Bank, customers and responsible parties include partner agencies. Adoption of this standard had no significant impact on the Food Bank's accounting and related financial statements.

#### Government Grants and Contracts

Federal and state contracts and grants are conditioned upon certain performance requirements and/or the incurrence of allowable qualifying expenses. Amounts received are recognized as revenue when incurred expenditures comply with specific contract or grant provisions. Amounts received prior to incurring qualifying expenses are reported as refundable advances in the statement of financial position. No amounts have been received in advance under federal and state contracts and grants. None of the grants or contracts involve an exchange portion. Disallowed costs due to oversight agency audits are recognized in the period the funds are repaid after the oversight agency has made its determination and issued a final correction action plan requiring repayment of such cost.

#### <u>Functional Allocation of Expenses</u>

The cost of providing the various programs and other activities has been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities and the statement of functional expenses. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited. Such allocations are determined by management on an equitable basis.

The expenses that are allocated include the following:

Expense	Method of Allocation
Grants	Time and effort
Salaries and benefits	Time and effort
Repairs and maintenance	Time and effort
Education and training	Time and effort
Occupancy	Time and effort
Travel	Time and effort
Depreciation	Square footage
Other	Time and effort

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Donated Property and Equipment**

Donations of property and equipment are recorded as contributions at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Such donations are reported as increases in net assets without donor restrictions unless the donor has restricted the donated asset to a specific purpose. Assets donated with explicit restrictions regarding their use and contributions of cash that must be used to acquire property and equipment are reported as restricted contributions. Absent donor stipulations regarding how long those donated assets must be maintained, the Food Bank reports expirations of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired assets are placed in service. The Food Bank reclassifies net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions at that time.

#### **Income Tax Status**

The Food Bank is not-for-profit organization that is exempt from federal income taxes pursuant to Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and is classified as a publicly supported organization. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes had been made in the accompanying statements. The Food Bank's Form 990, Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax, for the years ending 2019, 2020, and 2021 are subject to examination by the IRS, generally for three years after they were filed.

#### Compensated Absences

Employees of the Food Bank begin to accrue vacation benefits upon their first day of employment and are eligible to use this time upon receipt of their first paycheck. Vacation benefits are typically taken in the calendar year it was accrued, however up to 40 and 20 hours for full-time and part-time employees, respectively, is allowed to be carried over into the following fiscal period. Any unused vacation hours will be paid in full upon termination. Sick leave accumulates upon employment. For an employee to be eligible for paid sick leave, 90 days of service must be completed. All unused sick leave may accrue, but unused sick pay is not paid to employees upon termination with the Food Bank. Because these amounts cannot be reasonably estimated, no accrual has been made for compensated absences.

#### Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the prior year, none affecting net income, have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year presentation.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Recent Pronouncements Adopted

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases* (Topic 842). The guidance in this ASU supersedes the leasing guidance in Topic 840, *Leases*. Under the new guidance, lessees are required to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. The new standard established a right-of-use (ROU) model that required the Food Bank to record an ROU asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement. Leases with a term of less than 12 months will not record a ROU asset and lease liability. Effective January 1, 2022, the Food Bank adopted FASB ASC 842, Leases. The adoption of FASB ASC 842 did not have a material impact on the Food Bank's results of operations or cash flows.

In September 2020, the FASB issued 2020-07, *Not-for-Profit Entities* (Topic 958), *Presentation and Disclosure by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets*. The amendments require presentation of contributed nonfinancial assets as a separate line item in the statement of activities (apart from cash and other financial assets). In addition, disclosure is required for each type of contributed financial asset including uses, policies, restrictions, valuation details, and market information. ASU No. 2020-07 is effective for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022. The adoption of the ASU did not have a material impact on the Food Bank.

#### Subsequent events

Management of the Food Bank has evaluated subsequent events for disclosure through August 30, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. As a result of this evaluation, no events were identified that are required to be disclosed or would have a material impact on reported net assets or changes in net assets.

#### **NOTE 3 – CONTINGENCIES**

Financial awards from federal, state, and local governmental entities in the form of grants are subject to special audit. Such audits could result in claims against the Food Bank for disallowed costs or noncompliance with grantor restrictions. No provision has been made for any liabilities that may arise from such audits since the amounts, if any, cannot be determined at this date. The Food Bank expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### NOTE 4 – LIQUIDITY AND AVAILIBILITY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

The following represents the Food Bank's financial assets available for general expenditures within one year at December 31, 2022 and 2021. Financial assets are considered unavailable when illiquid or not convertible to cash within one year.

		2022		2021
Financial assets at year-end:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	988,188	\$	3,514,624
Investments		1,921,888		495,138
Accounts receivable		571,380		226,916
Total financial assets		3,481,456		4,236,678
Less amounts not available to be used within one year: Net assets with donor restrictions Less net assets with purpose restrictions to be met in less than a year		(960,097)		(1,560,687)
Financial assets available to meet general expenditures over the next twelve months	<u>\$</u>	2,521,359	<u>\$</u>	2,675,99 <u>1</u>

As part of the Food Bank's liquidity management, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations come due.

#### **NOTE 5 – INVESTMENTS**

Investments consisted of the following as of December 31:

		Unrealized	Unrealized	Fair
	Cost	Gains	_Losses_	Value
<u>December 31, 2022</u>				
Certificates of Deposit	\$1,503,735	\$ 345	\$	\$ 1,504,080
Mutual Funds	445,598		(27,790)	417,808
Dogombor 21, 2022	<u>\$1,949,333</u>	<u>\$ 345</u>	<u>\$ (27,790)</u>	<u>\$ 1,921,888</u>
December 31, 2022 Mutual Funds	<u>\$ 435,028</u>	\$ 60,110	\$	\$ 495,138
	\$ 435,028	\$ 60,110	<u>\$</u>	\$ 495,138

Interest and dividend income for the years ending December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$5,581 and \$5,442, respectively. Net unrealized (losses) gains of (\$87,555) and \$4,367 on investments held were recognized at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. And net realized gains were \$6,531 and \$56,908 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### NOTE 6 – INVENTORY

Although the Food Bank purchases some of its food inventory, the majority of food distributed by The Food Bank is received by contributions from the general public and from the U. S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). The estimated value of these contributions is recognized in the financial statements as contribution revenue and food and other supplies or program expenses if distributed during the year. The pounds collected are recorded by Food Bank staff at the time of receipt based on actual weight. The total value of contributed and purchased food at December 31, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	2	022	2021			
	Pounds	Dollars	<u>Pounds</u>	<u>Dollars</u>		
Donated inventory	155,208	\$ 297,999	163,471	\$ 292,613		
Purchased inventory	205,508	205,123	69,225	84,210		
FEMA commodities	36,764	41,815	340,554	486,825		
USDA commodities	46,202	<u>88,708</u>	418,108	<u>748,413</u>		
	443,682	<u>\$ 633,645</u>	<u>991,358</u>	<u>\$ 1,612,061</u>		

#### NOTE 7 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following as of December 31:

·	2022	2021
Building (S. Laurent)	\$ 6,579,398	\$
Construction-in-progress	, , 	5,360,513
Land (S. Laurent)	245,792	245,792
Building (E. Rio Grande)	1,019,639	1,022,139
Land (E. Rio Grande)	22,064	22,064
Equipment	1,572,015	1,018,165
Vehicles	811,224	734,679
	10,250,132	8,403,352
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,868,566)	(1,681,129)
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$ 8,381,566</u>	<u>\$ 6,722,223</u>

Depreciation expense for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 totaled \$350,124 and \$212,105, respectively.

### NOTE 8 - PAYCHECK PROTECTION PROGRAM (PPP) LOAN

On April 15, 2020, the Food Bank received a Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loan as established by the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) and facilitated by the Small Business Administrative (SBA), which provides for loans to qualifying entities for amounts up to 2.5 times the average monthly payroll expenses for the qualifying entity. Specific terms of the note stated there would be monthly payments of \$11,784 beginning November 15, 2020 at an annual rate of 1.00%. The loan was to mature on April 15, 2022.

Under the terms of the Paycheck Protection Program, certain amounts of the loan may be forgiven if the funds are utilized for allowed expenses. The Food Bank applied for forgiveness in April 2021 and on June 9, 2021, the total loan amount of \$209,400 was forgiven.

#### NOTE 9 – LINE OF CREDIT PAYABLE

The Food Bank holds a revolving line of credit for amounts up to \$250,000 with Prosperity Bank, Texas to support Food Bank's operations. The line of credit held a zero balance at December 31, 2022 and 2021. No funds were disbursed to the Food Bank from the line in 2022 or 2021.

#### **NOTE 10 – CONCENTRATIONS**

The Food Bank receives a large portion of its food supplies from the U.S. Department of Agriculture via the Emergency Food Assistance Programs (TEFAP). For the years ending December 31, 2022 and 2021, these commodities comprised approximately 23% and 28%, respectively, of the total value of all donated food received.

A grant to reimburse administrative costs with the U.S. Department of Agriculture provided approximately 67% and 100% of the assistance necessary to fund the administrative operations of the Food Bank for the years ending December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### NOTE 11 - RETIREMENT PLAN

The Food Bank offers a 403(b) retirement plan available to all full-time employees once they have completed 90 days of employment. Those employees who are eligible to participate may contribute an elected percentage not to exceed 10% or a set amount withheld from their payroll check every pay period. The Food Bank will match 100% of the employee's contribution each pay period up to the budgeted amount for the year. Each employee is 100% vested in the Food Bank's match. Contributions made on behalf of employees totaled \$24,075 and \$23,828 for the years ending December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### NOTE 12 – NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

Net assets with donor restrictions as of December 31 were available for the following purposes:

Specific Purpose	2022		2021	
Training	\$	342,829	\$	
Transportation and food purchases		262,510		164,098
Senior meal boxes		112,652		
Asset purchases		102,000		
USDA commodities for distribution		88,708		748,413
Backpack program		33,577		43,929
Agencies		17,821		20,786
Disaster relief – COVID-19				447,009
FPI strategic capacity building services	·			136,452
Total net assets with donor restrictions	<u>\$</u>	960,097	<u>\$</u>	1,560,687

Net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the purpose or time restrictions specified by donors as follows:

Specific Purpose		2022		2021
USDA commodities for distribution	\$	3,049,705	\$	3,694,350
US Treasury – building capacity grant		1,647,508		
Disaster relief – TDEM		447,009		957,714
US Department of HUD		322,487		
Kids backpack program		169,187		264,235
FPI strategic capacity building services		136,452		13,548
Transportation and food purchases		79,637		21,106
Senior meal boxes		62,348		
Training		48,535		1,675
Agencies		20,786		39,084
Capital expansion				2,767,241
Winter Storm				271,666
Total net assets released from restriction	<u>\$</u>	<u>5,983,654</u>	<u>\$</u>	8,030,619

#### NOTE 13 – OPERATING LEASES

The Food Bank has non-cancelable operating leases, primarily for the use of office equipment. This lease generally contains renewal options for various periods and requires the Food Bank to pay costs such as taxes, maintenance, and insurance. Total lease expense for 2022 and 2021 was \$5,016. Future estimated minimum lease payments under these operating leases were \$2,193, \$1,252, and \$1,252 for the years ending 2023 through 2025, respectively.

#### NOTE 14 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Generally accepted accounting principles require that certain assets and liabilities be reported at fair value and establish a hierarchy that prioritizes inputs used to measure fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measure date.

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the reporting date.
- Level 2 Inputs are other than quoted prices included in Level 1, which are either directly observable or can be derived from or corroborated by observable market data at the reporting date.
- Level 3 Inputs are not observable and are based on the reporting entity's assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

Fair value measurements and levels within the fair value hierarchy of those measurements for assets and liabilities reported at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using			
	Quoted Prices			
		In Active		
		Markets for	Significant	
		Identical	Other	Significant
		Assets/	Observable	Unobservable
	Fair	Liabilities	Inputs	Inputs
	Value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)_	(Level 3)
December 31, 2022				,
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 1,504,080	\$ 1,504,080	\$	\$
Mutual Funds	417,808	417,808		
Total	<u>\$ 1,921,888</u>	<u>\$ 1,921,888</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$
December 31, 2021				
Mutual Funds	<u>\$ 495,138</u>	\$ 495,138	\$	\$
Total	<u>\$ 495,138</u>	<u>\$ 495,138</u>	\$	<u>\$</u>

To estimate their fair value, the Food Bank uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities (market approach).

#### NOTE 14 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

Valuation methods used for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis are as follows:

- Mutual funds are valued at the net asset value of shares held at year end. These valuation
  methods may produce a fair value that may not be indicative of net realizable value of
  reflective of futures fair values.
- Certificates of deposit are valued at the closing price reported on the active market on which the individual securities are traded.

Furthermore, while the Food Bank believes its valuation methods are appropriate, the use of different methods or assumptions could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date. The Food Bank recognizes transfers of assets into and out of levels as of the date an event or change in circumstances causes the transfer. There were no transfers between levels in 2022 or 2021.

#### NOTE 15 – RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A board member of the Food Bank is an employee of a supermarket chain to which the Food Bank paid \$11,537 and \$3,143 in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

#### NOTE 16 - UNCERTAINTY

As a result of COVID-19, economic uncertainties have arisen which may negatively affect the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the Food Bank. The uncertainties include market value fluctuations of investments and potential impact on donor contributions. The duration of these uncertainties and financial effects cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

#### THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Passed Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Receipts	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through the: Texas Health and Human Services Commission The Food Distribution - Cluster Texas Department of Agriculture Emergency Food Assistance Program	•				2010
(Food Commodities) Texas Department of Agriculture	10.569	04006	-	\$ 2,390,000	\$ 3,049,705
Emergency Food Assistance Program (Administrative Costs)	10.568	04006	-	226,645	226,645
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				2,616,645	3,276,350
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through the: Texas Food Bank Network Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Education Community Based Outreach & Application Assistance Services	N/A N/A	HHSC-529-15-0081-00001 HHSC-529-06-0423-00013	-	104,828 	104,828 220,548
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				325,376	325,376
U.S. Department of Treasury					
Passed Through the: Texas Department of Agriculture Food Bank Capacity Building Grant Total passed-through Texas Department of Treasury	21.027.119	GFB202217	-	1,647,508 1,647,508	1,647,508 1,647,508
Total U.S. Department of Treasury				1,647,508	1,647,508
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Passed Through the: Office of Community Planning and Development Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants City of Victoria, Texas Passed Through the	14.218	B-13-MC-48-0510	<del>-</del>	15,000	15,000
Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs  Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	14.228	074943319	-	322,487	322,487 337,487
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed Through the: United Way of America Emergency Food and Shelter Program - Victoria County Emergency Food and Shelter Program - Gonzales County Total passed-through United Way of America	97.024 97.024	842600-005 807800-002	-	75,169 26,918 102,087	75,169 26,918 102,087
COVID-19 - Funds passed through the: Texas Division of Emergency Management (TDEM) Disaster Grants-Public Assistance (Presidentally Declared Disaster): Total passed-through TDEM	97.036	C2020-1721	-	- <u>-</u>	447,009 447,009
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security				102,087	549,096
Total Federal Awards				\$ 5,029,103	\$ 6,135,817

# THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of The Community Food Bank of Victoria (the Food Bank) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2022. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Food Bank, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the Food Bank. Therefore, some amounts presented in this Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

#### NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity indentifying numbers are presented where available.

#### NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE

The Food Bank has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### NOTE 4 – FOOD DONATION

Non-monetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. As of December 31, 2022, the Food Bank had \$88,708 of USDA commodities in inventory.

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> INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors The Community Food Bank of Victoria dba Food Bank of the Golden Crescent Victoria, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of The Community Food Bank of Victoria (the Food Bank), a nonprofit organization, which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2022, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 30, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Food Bank's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Food Bank's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Food Bank's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Food Bank's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Corpus Christi, Texas

by Volley, P. C.

August 30, 2023

GF Valdez, P.C.

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors The Community Food Bank of Victoria dba Food Bank of the Golden Crescent Victoria, Texas

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited The Community Food Bank of Victoria's (the Food Bank) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Food Bank's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. The Food Bank's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, The Community Food Bank of Victoria complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Food Bank and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Food Bank's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Food Bank's federal programs.

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#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Food Bank's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Food Bank's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Food Bank's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
  necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Food Bank's internal control over compliance relevant to the
  audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test
  and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but
  not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Food Bank's internal
  control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Corpus Christi, Texas

pf Valdey, P. C.

August 30, 2023

#### THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

A		OF AUDIT RESULTS	
	Financial State		I I 4:C: - 4
	Type of auditor	's report issued:	Unmodified
	Internal control	over financial reporting:	
		eakness Identified?	No
	• Material We	takness identified?	110
	• Significant	Deficiencies identified not considered	
		Deficiencies identified not considered rial weakness?	Ma
	to be a mate	rial weakness?	No
	• Noncomulia	and material to the financial statements?	No
	• Noncompila	ance material to the financial statements?	No
	Todovol Assess	J.,	
	Federal Award	<del></del>	T Towns a difficat
	Type of auditor	's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
	Y4		
		over major programs:	3.7
	• Material we	eakness Identified?	No
	- C' 'C' 41		,
		Deficiencies identified not considered	2.7
	to be a mater	rial weakness?	No
	4 114 6	10 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
		ndings disclosed that are required to be	
		accordance with the Uniform Guidance,	3.7
	Section 501(	a)?	No
	rd . det. de	C •	
	identification of	f major programs:	
	CFDA #	Federal Program Title	
	<del></del>	The Food Distribution Cluster -	<del></del>
	10.569	Texas Department of Agriculture Emergency	
	10.509	Food Assistance Program (Food Commodities)	
	•	rood Assistance i rogram (rood Commodities)	
	10,568	Texas Department of Agriculture Emergency	•
	. 10,500	Food Assistance Program (Administrative Costs)	
		Food Assistance Frogram (Administrative Costs)	
	21.027	Texas Department of Agriculture	
	(.119)	Food Bank Capacity Building Grant	
	(.113)	1000 Bank Capacity Building Grant	
	Dollar threshold	l used to distinguish between Type A	
		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 750,000
	and Type B p	orograms.	φ. /30,000
	Adi41!.6!_	ad as lavy risk anditas?	V
	Auditee qualifie	ed as low-risk auditee?	Yes
70	מאל אינון אונון	(ATED TO EEDED AL AMADDO	
В	FINDINGS REI	LATED TO FEDERAL AWARDS	

None

## THE COMMUNITY FOOD BANK OF VICTORIA DBA FOOD BANK OF THE GOLDEN CRESCENT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

A PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None

B PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

None